

### RHB DIVIDEND VALUED EQUITY FUND

This Fund aims to provide investors with total returns primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of companies which offer attractive yields and sustainable dividend payments.

#### INVESTOR PROFILE

This Fund is suitable for investors who:

- want capital growth as well as income; and
- willing to accept short term fluctuations in capital values.

#### INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- Minimum of 70% and up to 98% of NAV: Investments in equities.
- Minimum of 2% and up to 30% of NAV: Investments in fixed income securities and/or liquid assets.

#### FUND PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

##### Performance Chart Since Launch\*



##### Cumulative Performance (%)\*

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	YTD
Fund	0.69	-3.84	-11.19	-11.45
Benchmark	1.78	0.10	-5.17	-2.53

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Launch
Fund	-12.04	-2.93	6.18	49.32
Benchmark	0.25	40.13	80.23	216.41

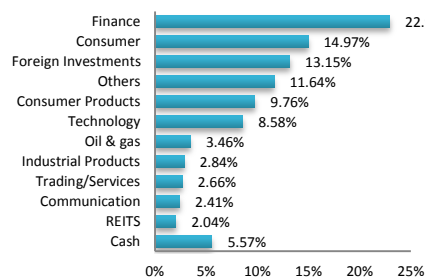
##### Calendar Year Performance (%)\*

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Fund	7.51	0.15	10.57	0.00	-0.57
Benchmark	23.88	11.86	11.60	10.05	11.02

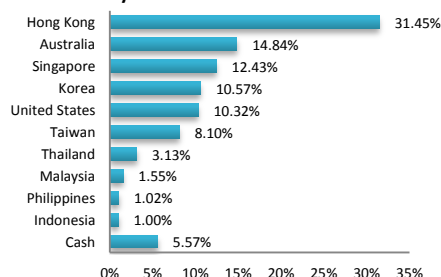
Source: Lipper IM

#### FUND PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS

##### Sector Allocation\*



##### Country Allocation\*



##### Top Holdings (%)\*

ISHARES MSCI INDIA INDEX ETF	5.94
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	5.04
SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO LTD	4.58
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING	4.21
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING	4.04

\*As percentage of NAV

#### FUND STATISTICS

##### Historical NAV (RM)

	1 Month	12 Months	Since Launch
High	0.3406	0.4401	0.6866
Low	0.3304	0.3299	0.2762

Source: Lipper IM

##### Historical Distributions (Last 5 Years) (Net)

	Distribution (sen)	Yield (%)
24 May 2018	2.0500	5.11
23 May 2017	4.2000	10.04
26 May 2016	2.6000	6.06
31 May 2015	-	-
31 May 2014	-	-

Source: RHB Asset Management Sdn. Bhd.

## RHB DIVIDEND VALUED EQUITY FUND

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### MANAGER'S COMMENTS

#### MARKET REVIEW

After a flattish equity return in June, the month of July saw MSCI World recover with a positive gain of 2.9%, its second strongest monthly gain in 2018 after January's 5.6% gain. ASEAN (+4.0% USD terms), US (+3.5%), Europe (+3.2%) have closed the month in green, and Japan (+0.4%) was flattish. Hong Kong/China (-3.1%) and Korea (-1.5%) were hurt by the looming trade war sentiment. IMF estimates that a 10% rise in import tariffs amongst both the US and the rest of the world would result in a 1% fall in world trade and a 0.5% fall in world GDP. Export oriented countries like Hong Kong, Singapore, South Korea, and Taiwan would be the hardest hit in Asia should a full-scale trade war break out.

On 1st August, The Trump administration reported plans to announce more aggressive retaliation against China, and has directed US trade representative to consider increasing the proposed level of the additional tariff duty from 10% to 25% on the US\$200bn Chinese products announced on 10th July. The news pushed Shanghai Composite down 2% on the 2nd August.

The UST 10 years close the month of July at 2.96%, up by 10bps as market participants looking for action with the Bank of Japan which saw JGB 10 year testing a high of 0.099% in July. Bank of Japan introduced forward guidance which raised the ceiling on their 10-year interest target band from 0.1% to 0.2% to allow for more flexibility for purchases while sustaining its rate low-for-long guidance. The Dollar Index (DXY) was relatively range bounded around 94.5.

In July, PMI remained in expansionary territory despite slowing down in both US and Asia, mainly driven by improvements in Europe. US's ISM manufacturing PMI eased to 58.1 in July from 60.2 the previous month, while the Eurozone's manufacturing PMI improved +0.2pts to 55.1. In Asia, China's Caixin PMI eased by 0.2pts at 50.8 while ASEAN slipped 0.6pts to 50.4 in July.

Macro overhangs from the escalation in trade war as Trump admin announced another US\$200bn tariff plan, and a further 3% CNY depreciation in July triggered another wave of selling in the Hong Kong China market (-3.1%). A relief rally towards month end, triggered by State Council's stimulus package which includes potentially increased spending on infrastructure projects and the PBOC easing guidance on wealth management products, managed to salvage some stock market performance. Not surprisingly, utilities i.e. gas distributors as well as sectors that will benefit from infrastructure spending, such as materials and industrials, were the outperformance. Meanwhile, consumer discretionary, healthcare and internet tech disappointed.

ASEAN markets rebounded the most in July after a lacklustre June. The Indonesian market recovery was driven by the coal and financial sectors. Bank Indonesia has signaled that they would rather stabilize the currency at the expense of pursuing economic growth.

#### MARKET OUTLOOK AND STRATEGY

The portfolio gained 0.7% this month. We managed to weather market volatility by skewing our portfolio towards companies with strong balance sheets and good cash flow generation. However, our bias in new economy technology sector became our key deflector this month, while stock picks in ASEAN helped lift the portfolio.

China internet sector had a pretty tough month with majority of the stocks seeing share price correction. Tencent, last year's market darling, saw its share price corrected 25% from the peak this year due to (1) premium valuation compared to peers and (2) lack of positive catalysts in seasonally weak 2Q18. One week into 2Q18 results season, industry developments so far have not met lofty expectations. Despite solid revenue growth within the search engine industry, both Baidu and Sougou guided rising traffic acquisition costs in 2H18. We believe the intensifying war of user acquisition among internet companies will continue in the coming quarters, as China mobile internet user growth decelerates. We reviewed the sector and have re-position the fund into companies with reasonable valuation that were beaten down by the market unfairly. Sectors look oversold in the near term and remain an attractive growth sector in the new economy.

Overall, we expect trade tension to remain headwinds for the stock market. The next US\$200bn tariff plan will be on public consultation until early September. Our best case scenario is not for a massive escalation into a full blown threat and government policy measures will be ratcheted up along the way to stabilize domestic demand in China. Macro data and events (i.e. financial market volatility and trade tension with the US) are material in deciding the pace and intensity of wave of easing/stimulus.

On the back of a wide performance gap between developed markets and Asia, we do see value emerging in the Asian equity market, especially in resilient sectors like consumption, healthcare and internet technology. YTD, oil and gas equities have been one of our outperformers in the portfolio, riding on the back of high energy prices/volume. We expect this trend to continue. Emerging market is the region to benefit most from a rebound in the global industry cycle, given its YTD underperformance.

For ASEAN, we are cautiously optimistic on these markets as currency headwinds is starting to stabilise the near term. We are looking to deploy some cash in ASEAN companies given that the markets are trading one standard deviation below its long term 5 year PE mean and valuations of some oversold quality companies are getting attractive.

#### DISCLAIMER:

Based on the fund's portfolio returns as at 15 July 2018, the Volatility Factor (VF) for this fund is 11.6 and is classified as "Very High". (source: Lipper) "Very High" includes funds with VF that are more than 11.1 (source: Lipper). The VF means there is a possibility for the fund in generating an upside return or downside return around this VF. The Volatility Class (VC) is assigned by Lipper based on quintile ranks of VF for qualified funds. VF is subject to monthly revision and VC will be revised every six months. The fund's portfolio may have changed since this date and there is no guarantee that the fund will continue to have the same VF or VC in the future. Presently, only funds launched in the market for at least 36 months will display the VF and its VC. The VC referred to was dated 30 June 2018 which is calculated once every six months and is valid until its next calculation date, i.e. 31 December 2018.

A Product Highlights Sheet ("PHS") highlighting the key features and risks of the Fund is available and investors have the right to request for a PHS. Investors are advised to obtain, read and understand the PHS and the contents of the Master Prospectus dated 15 July 2017 and its supplementary(ies) (if any) ("the Master Prospectus") before investing. The Master Prospectus has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia who takes no responsibility for its contents. Amongst others, investors should consider the fees and charges involved. Investors should also note that the price of units and distributions payable, if any, may go down as well as up. Where a distribution is declared, investors are advised that following the issue of additional units/distribution, the NAV per unit will be reduced from cum-distribution NAV to ex-distribution NAV. Any issue of units to which the Master Prospectus relates will only be made on receipt of a form of application referred to in the Master Prospectus. For more details, please call 1-800-88-3175 for a copy of the PHS and the Master Prospectus or collect one from any of our branches or authorised distributors.

The Manager wishes to highlight the specific risks of the Fund are stock market risk, currency risk, liquidity risk, country risk, sector risk, interest rate risk, credit/default risk, issuer risk, inflation/purchasing power risk and regulatory risk. These risks and other general risks are elaborated in the Master Prospectus.

This factsheet is prepared for information purposes only. It does not have regard to the specific investment objectives, financial situation and the particular needs of any specific person who may receive it. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Returns may vary from year to year.