

RHB EQUITY TRUST

This Fund aims to provide investors with capital growth through investments in stocks with high growth potential over a medium to long term period.

INVESTOR PROFILE

This Fund is suitable for Investors who:

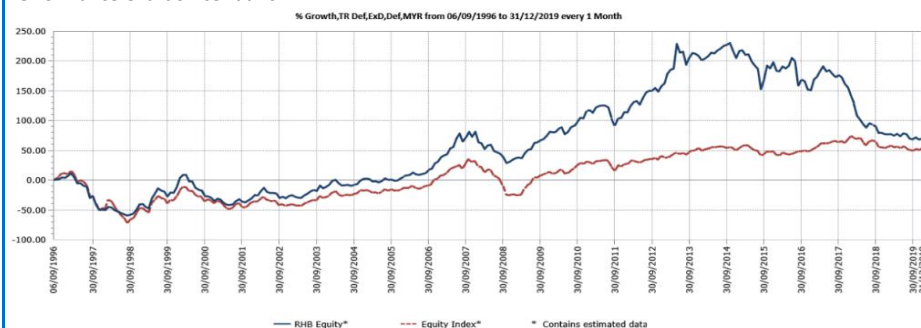
- wish to participate in the upside of the Asia ex-Japan markets;
- are willing to accept moderate to high risk in their investments; and
- prefer capital growth rather than income over a medium to long term period.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- 90% - 98% of NAV: Investments in securities of companies that have good growth potential. In managing these investments, the Fund may invest up to 50% of the NAV in Asia ex-Japan markets.
- 2% - 10% of NAV: Investments in liquid assets including bonds, money market instruments and deposits with financial institutions.

FUND PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

Performance Chart Since Launch*



Cumulative Performance (%)*

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	YTD
Fund	0.70	0.54	-4.99	-4.36
Benchmark	2.30	2.69	-2.18	0.22

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Launch
Fund	-4.36	-32.54	-44.60	68.86
Benchmark	0.22	3.21	2.52	53.60

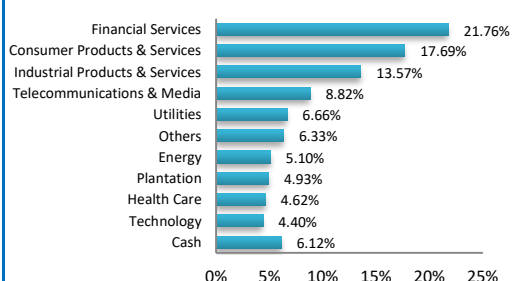
Calendar Year Performance (%)*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Fund	-4.36	-30.72	1.81	-15.81	-2.46
Benchmark	0.22	-8.67	12.76	0.17	-0.84

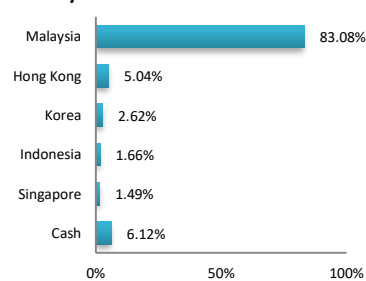
Source: Lipper IM

FUND PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS

Sector Allocation*



Country Allocation*



Top Holdings (%)*

PUBLIC BANK BHD	8.54
MALAYAN BANKING BHD	7.82
SCC HOLDINGS BHD	7.20
TENAGA NASIONAL BHD	6.66
CIMB GROUP HOLDINGS BHD	5.41

*As percentage of NAV

FUND STATISTICS

Historical NAV (RM)

	1 Month	12 Months	Since Launch
High	0.1889	0.2001	1.0622
Low	0.1848	0.1833	0.1833

Source: Lipper IM

Historical Distributions (Net)

	Distribution (sen)	Yield (%)
Dec 2018	-	-
20 Dec 2017	5.0000	13.92
28 Dec 2016	4.2000	10.22
16 Dec 2015	9.5600	18.01
16 Dec 2014	12.5000	17.83

Source: RHB Asset Management Sdn. Bhd.

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MANAGER'S COMMENTS

MARKET REVIEW

2019 was a good year for global equity market. Global equity markets rallied 24.0% in 2019, to cap off its best year since the Global Financial Crisis in 2009. The performance was primarily driven by Developed Markets (+25.2%). The US (+29.1%) led from the front in Developed Markets, closely followed by Europe (+20.0%) and Japan (+17.1%). Although 2019 predominantly circled around US-China trade tensions, an abundance of liquidity made available by the capitulation of central banks globally played an equally important role. Federal Reserve (Fed) seem to have engineered a soft landing through balance sheet expansion and numerous rate cuts. Markets closed the year on a high as two imminent bottlenecks inched slightly closer to resolution with the progress on the US-China Phase 1 trade deal and the emphatic victory of the Conservatives in the UK elections paving the way to a potential breakthrough in the Brexit impasse. Asia Ex Japan equities advanced 15.4% in 2019, primarily driven by index heavyweights China (+20.9%) and Taiwan (+31.5%), as the markets moved largely in tandem with the progress on the US-China trade talks.

Commodities ended 2019 on a positive note as well. Brent Crude rose 19.0%, driven by the supply cuts by The Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and the US decision to end waivers on Iranian oil imports in April 2019. On 16 September 2019, a drone attack shut down about 5.7 million barrels per day (b/d) of crude production in Saudi Arabia in the single biggest supply disruption ever, but softened subsequently as output was restored and the global growth slowdown weighed in. Similarly, Crude Palm Oil prices shot up to above RM3,000 pmt due to lower production, drought season and B30 bio diesel mandate in Indonesia.

The FBM KLCI rose 1.7% MoM (or 27 points) to close at 1,588 points at end December 2019. As a result, the benchmark index narrowed its 2019 losses to 6%. The FBM KLCI rose steadily in December 2019 and peaked at 1,615 points on 30 December. However, it succumbed to profit-taking and lost 26.9 points on the last trading day to close at 1,588.7 points. Against regional/global peers, Malaysia was the worst-performing Asian market. Through 2019, heavyweights Public Bank and PChem accounted for the decline while MISC was the top performer by far. Foreigners net sold RM1.22bn worth of equities in December 2019, bringing 2019 net sell to RM11.14bn.

MARKET OUTLOOK AND STRATEGY

On the local front, the key events to watch out for are how the new minimum wage and smoking ban will impact consumption patterns, Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) meeting on 22 January to decide on OPR rate and update on government plans to acquire highway concessionaires and toll roads. On the external front, investors will be following up on the Fed policy meeting on 29 January 2020, signing of US-China Phase one trade deal on 15 January 2020 and Brexit day on 31 January 2020.

Malaysian equities are set for a better year in 2020 with the resumption of earnings growth after a 2-year hiatus thanks firstly, to subsiding external risks; secondly, to recovering commodity prices; thirdly, to the anticipated revival of mega infrastructure projects and finally, to the positive impact of trade diversion on investments and exports.

We are overweight on oil & gas and plantation sectors as we believe these two sectors will continue to offer growth and are still in early stage. The latter being that CPO prices rose to above RM3000 pmt and this will help drive earnings growth for 2020 among the planters.

DISCLAIMER:

Based on the fund's portfolio returns as at 10 December 2019, the Volatility Factor (VF) for this fund is 11.0 and is classified as "Very High". (source: Lipper) "Very High" includes funds with VF that are more than 11.2 (source: Lipper). The VF means there is a possibility for the fund in generating an upside return or downside return around this VF. The Volatility Class (VC) is assigned by Lipper based on quintile ranks of VF for qualified funds. VF is subject to monthly revision and VC will be revised every six months. The fund's portfolio may have changed since this date and there is no guarantee that the fund will continue to have the same VF or VC in the future. Presently, only funds launched in the market for at least 36 months will display the VF and its VC. The VC referred to was dated 30 June 2019 which is calculated once every six months and is valid until its next calculation date, i.e. 31 December 2019.

A Product Highlights Sheet ("PHS") highlighting the key features and risks of the Fund is available and investors have the right to request for a PHS. Investors are advised to obtain, read and understand the PHS and the contents of the Master Prospectus dated 3 August 2017 and its supplementary(ies) (if any) ("the Master Prospectus") before investing. The Master Prospectus has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia who takes no responsibility for its contents. Amongst others, investors should consider the fees and charges involved. Investors should also note that the price of units and distributions payable, if any, may go down as well as up. Where a distribution is declared, investors are advised that following the issue of additional units/distribution, the NAV per unit will be reduced from cum-distribution NAV to ex-distribution NAV. Any issue of units to which the Master Prospectus relates will only be made on receipt of a form of application referred to in the Master Prospectus. For more details, please call 1-800-88-3175 for a copy of the PHS and the Master Prospectus or collect one from any of our branches or authorised distributors.

The Manager wishes to highlight the specific risks of the Fund are market risk and particular security risk. These risks and other general risks are elaborated in the Master Prospectus.

This factsheet is prepared for information purposes only. It does not have regard to the specific investment objectives, financial situation and the particular needs of any specific person who may receive it. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Returns may vary from year to year.